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1. Identification

Product identifier: Bolldex®

Synonyms/alternate brand names: Helicovex

Company product code or Supplier code: N/A

Insecticide Group: 31 (IRAC MoA Classification)

RSA Reg. No. (Act No. 36 of 1947): L8895

Supplier: Andermatt Madumbi (Pty) Ltd

Suite 105, 24 Hilton Ave, Hilton KZN 3245, South Africa

Telephone: +27 (0) 33 342 3984 (09:00 to 16:00) Email address (technical): support@andermatt.co.za

Recommended use: Biological insecticide for reduction of larvae of African bollworm,

Helicoverpa armigera

Restrictions on use: Do not use for any other purpose than described on the product label

Emergency numbers: +27 (0) 33 342 3984 (09:00 to 16:00)

+27 (0) 82 446 8946 (24 H)

2. Hazards identification

Bolldex® is a liquid mixture.

Classification according to the GHS: Not classified. No hazard statements. No signal word.

Contains *Helicoverpa armigera* nucleopolyhedrovirus.

Caution: microorganisms may have the potential to provoke sensitising reactions.

The product may cause irritation if inhaled and may cause eye irritation.

It may also cause allergic reactions in people who are repeatedly exposed to it at high concentrations. These reactions can be avoided if exposure is limited by following the label recommendation and precautions.















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Precautionary statements:

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.

P280

Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.

Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.

Avoid inhalation of mist or spray.

P261

Dispose of the product in a responsible manner. Avoid direct incineration.

P280

P264+P265

P261-P261

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient CAS number %

Helicoverpa armigera nucleopolyhedrovirus Not assigned <1 (≥ 7.5 x 10¹¹ OB/100 ml)

Non-hazardous co-formulants Confidential > 99

4. First aid measures

Inhalation: Most important acute symptoms/effects: irritation of the upper airway,

coughing may occur.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

Get medical help if the casualty feels unwell.

Eye contact: Most important acute symptoms/effects: eye irritation, redness may occur.

IF IN THE EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, get medical help.

Skin contact: Most important acute symptoms/effects: skin irritation, redness may occur.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

If skin irritation occurs, get medical help.

Ingestion: Most important acute symptoms/effects: no symptoms or effects are known.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Prolonged exposure can cause nausea, headache and vomiting due to the

Get medical help if you feel unwell.

Most important delayed

symptoms/effects after exposure: ingredients. Repeated exposure to the microbial product can cause allergic

sensitisation.

Indication of immediate medical

attention:

If skin irritation or rash occurs, or if eye irritation persists, get medical help. Treat symptomatically. Pre-existing conditions may be aggravated, such as

eye disorders or skin disorders.

Protection of first responders: Avoid undue contact with the mixture. Wear gloves and a mask to prevent

transmission of pathogens.



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5. Firefighting measures

Appropriate/suitable extinguishing media: Water spray, alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂) or dry

powder may be used but select extinguishing media that is appropriate for local circumstances and the surroundings.

Inappropriate extinguishing media: Water jet and ordinary foam.

Nature of hazardous combustion products: Fumes that are irritating to the upper respiratory tract may form.

At temperatures above 200 °C the risk of exothermic

polymerisation develops and above 280 °C acrolein, which is

corrosive, reactive and toxic, is formed.

Other hazards arising from the mixture: None known. (There is no direct explosion hazard, no sensitivity

to mechanical impact or to static discharge for this mixture).

Special protective equipment: Avoid breathing vapours and combustion by-products. Use self-

contained breathing apparatus and complete protective clothing. Do not attempt to act without suitable protective equipment.

Precautions and/or protective actions: Move containers from the fire area if it can be done without risk.

Avoid contact with oxidising agents.

Use water spray to cool down closed containers, but only after considering other material in the vicinity that may pose a hazard.

Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.

Take precautions to prevent extinguishing media contaminating

surface water or ground water.

6. Accidental release measures

Distinguish between large or small spills, leaks, or releases.

Personal precautions: Spilled material may be slippery. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes. Do not eat, drink, or smoke during clean-up operations.

Protective equipment: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.

Emergency actions and procedures: No special emergency actions or procedures are required.

Environmental precautions: The product is for terrestrial use only and not intended for aquatic

applications. Do not apply directly to areas where surface water is

present, or to aquatic habitats, estuaries, or marine habitats.

Do not contaminate surface or ground water when disposing of rinsate or water used to wash equipment. Avoid release of spills to the environment.

Prevent spills from entering storm sewers or drains.

Report release to the appropriate authorities.





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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Move intact containers from the spill area. The product is a water miscible liquid. Stop leaks if it can be done safely and prevent run-off as far as possible.

<u>Small spills:</u> Dilute spills with water containing a disinfectant and mop up. Place in an appropriate waste disposal container.

<u>Large spills:</u> Ensure adequate ventilation. If possible, recover the product, otherwise neutralise the micro-organism with disinfectant. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements, or confined areas by diking if possible. Wash the spillage into an effluent treatment plant. Alternatively contain and collect the spillage by mopping up and transfer to containers for use or disposal. Flush the area with water if appropriate. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection, such as nitrile

rubber gloves, safety glasses or shields, and long-sleeved clothing.

Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.

Do not touch eyes. Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for safe storage: Store locked in the original container below 30 °C, preferably below 4 °C.

Store in a dry area out of direct sunlight.

Store in a facility designed to contain liquid spills. Keep containers closed and upright to prevent leakage.

Store separately from any food, feed, or drinks.

Keep out of reach of children and uninformed persons.

Any incompatibilities: The product is sensitive to ultraviolet rays. It is also pH sensitive. Ensure that

the pH of the water in a mixing vessel is between 5 and 8 before adding the

virus product. Avoid mixing with copper containing formulations.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

No occupational exposure limit values have been established for this mixture, but the 8-hour TWA (time weight average) for the liquid carrier (ingredient) is 5 mg/m³ (respirable).

No biological limit values are available for this mixture.

Appropriate engineering controls include good general ventilation. No other control parameters are considered necessary. Safety showers and eye wash stations should be provided.

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Occupational risks are of no concern when microbial pest control agents are used according to label directions, which include protective measures. Direct contact with these agents occurs through exposure of the skin or eyes, or by inhalation. Wear a long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes plus socks, water-proof gloves, eye goggles and a dust/mist filtering mask or respirator when handling these mixtures.

Do not enter areas treated with Bolldex for 4 hours following application or until sprays have dried.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid
Clarity: Cloudy

Colour: Grey-brown

Odour: Data not available

Odour threshold: Not known
Melting point/freezing point: < 18 °C

Boiling point (or initial point and range): 105 to 290 °C with decomposition

Flammability (gases, liquids, solids): Non-flammable

Lower and upper explosion limits: None Lower and upper flammability limits: None Flash point: > 100 °C

Autoignition temperature: Does not auto-ignite

Decomposition temperature: Starts at 200 °C

pH, neat: 6 to 7

pH, aqueous dilution (10%):

Data not available

Dissociation in water, pKa:

Data not available

Kinematic viscosity (of liquids) in mm²/s: No reliable data available

Solubility in water: Miscible with water

Solubility in a specified non-polar solvent: Not miscible with non-polar solvents

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not applicable

Vapour pressure (at 25 °): Data not available

Density and/or relative density: 1.100 g/ml

Relative vapour density:

Particle characteristics:

Evaporation rate:

Data not available

Data not available





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10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: The mixture is chemically stable and not reactive when handled or

stored at ambient temperatures and below. It is not combustible (except

at high temperatures).

Safety significance of any change in

physical appearance:

The mixture is not expected to change in physical appearance over time,

except for reversible settling, which has no safety significance.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions such as polymerisation occur only when the

mixture is heated (> 200 °C).

Conditions to avoid: Do not allow the mixture to heat up excessively.

Pressure, shock, static discharge, and vibrations have no known effect.

Incompatible materials: The mixture is incompatible with oxidising agents and materials with

pH lower than 5 or higher than 8. Avoid mixing with copper containing

formulations.

Hazardous decomposition products: The mixture is not expected to produce hazardous decomposition

products when used and stored properly, but will decompose when heated, producing toxic and corrosive vapours of acrolein above 280 $^{\circ}$ C.

11. Toxicological information

The following information is available for the active ingredient *Helicoverpa armigera* nucleopolyhedrovirus:

Acute toxicity Rat, oral NOAEL 5 x 10⁹ PIB/kg body weight

Rat, inhalation NOAEL 3.6 x 10¹⁰ PIB/kg

Guinea pig, inhalation NOAEL 2 x 10¹³ granules/ ℓ

Skin corrosion/irritation Rabbit NOAEL 0.5 ml of 2.2 x 10¹³ granules/ ℓ , 4 h

Serious eye damage/irritation Rabbit, 0.1 ml of 2.2 x 10¹³ granules/ ℓ for 24 h, non-irritating

Respiratory/skin sensitization Guinea pig, inhalation: 7 x 10⁸ granules/m³ for 15 min, no adverse

effects

Germ cell mutagenicity Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity Not carcinogenic

Reproductive toxicity Not a reproductive toxicant

STOT-single exposure No adverse effects anticipated

STOT-repeated exposure No adverse effects anticipated

Aspiration hazard No severe acute effects expected after aspiration



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The following information is available for the end-use product:

Acute toxicity The product is not acutely toxic.

Skin corrosion/irritation Exposure of the skin or eyes to microbial pest control products (end-

use products) may cause irritation due to the presence of larval

Serious eye damage/irritation debris.

STOT-single exposure Inhalation of these end-use products may also cause respiratory

irritation.

Respiratory/skin sensitization Microbial pest control agents contain substances that can cause

allergic reactions in people who are repeatedly exposed to it at high

concentrations.

<u>Symptoms</u> related to the physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics of the mixture include possible irritation and redness upon skin contact. Eye contact may cause irritation, redness, and excessive tearing (epiphora). Prolonged exposure may cause nausea, headache and vomiting due to the co-formulants.

<u>Effects of exposure</u>: Apart from irritation, no data on immediate, delayed, or chronic effects from short- or long-term exposure is available. The potential for toxicity is low but the end-use product may cause irritation if inhaled or when the skin and eyes are exposed to it. Repeated exposure to microbial products can cause allergic sensitisation.

The mixture is not classified in accordance with the GHS for any of the health hazard classes and there are no hazard statements. There is a warning: microorganisms may have the potential to provoke sensitising reactions.

12. Ecological information

Acute aquatic hazard, fish Rainbow trout, 96 h LC₅₀ $> 100 \text{ mg/}\ell \text{ (2.0} \times 10^9 \text{ OB/}\ell)$

Acute aquatic hazard, invertebrates Daphnia magna, 48 h LC₅₀ > 100 mg/ ℓ (2.0 × 10⁹ OB/ ℓ)

Acute aquatic hazard, aquatic plants Algae, 72 h EC₅₀ $> 100 \text{ mg/}\ell \text{ (}2.0 \times 10^9 \text{ OB/}\ell \text{)}$

Chronic aquatic hazard, fish, invertebrates, aquatic plants

Not determined

Acute (short-term) aquatic toxicity: Not classified based on available data.

Chronic (long-term) aquatic toxicity: Not determined but not expected to have any significant effect.

Toxicity for birds: No test data available but the risk is expected to be low.

Toxicity for earthworms: LC_{50} is more than 2 x 10^{10} OB/kg soil (> 1 000 mg/kg soil).

Toxicity for terrestrial plants: No data available.

Toxicity for honeybees: Oral and contact LD₅₀ is more than 3.5×10^7 OB/bee (> 5 000 μ g/bee).

Toxicity for soil micro-organisms: Not expected based on type of ingredients.

Possible impact on sewage treatment: No data available.





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Degradability: No data available.

Persistence and mobility in soil: Persists in the soil in the immobilised state and does not accumulate.

Environmental fate No data available.

Bio-accumulative potential: No data available.

Ozone depletion potential: None – does not contain halocarbon molecules.

Photochemical ozone creation potential: Not expected based on type of ingredients.

Endocrine disrupting potential: No adverse effects to the endocrine system are anticipated.

Climate change potential: Not expected based on type of ingredients.

Other adverse effects: None expected.

There is no ecological concern, as baculoviruses are commonly found in nature at relatively high levels, but they are highly host specific and have only been found in arthropods.

13. Disposal considerations

Avoid release to the environment. Dispose of waste residues responsibly as low-hazard chemical waste through a licensed waste removal company.

Dispose of the containers by disinfecting them and rinsing properly. Do not re-use. Destroy mechanically and dispose of as ordinary waste through a licensed waste removal company.

Refer to the manufacturer or supplier for information on recovery or recycling, for options on reclamation, and on disposal of unused material.

The physical/chemical properties of the product should have no significant effect on disposal procedures.

Microbial products should not be directly incinerated. Depending on the volume, waste should be decontaminated by autoclave sterilization, UV-radiation, or disinfection in a suitable container prior to disposal.

Incineration should be avoided due to the risk of exothermic polymerisation that develops above 200 °C and the formation at temperatures above 280 °C of acrolein, which is corrosive, reactive and toxic.

There are no special precautions for landfill. The ingredients occur naturally and are of no environmental concern.

There is no other relevant information.



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14. Transport information

UN number: Not classified as dangerous in the context of transport regulations.

UN proper shipping name:

UN packing group number:

UN transport hazard class(es):

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

A known marine pollutant (IMDG Code)? Not a marine pollutant.

A known severe marine pollutant?

Not a marine pollutant.

Environmentally hazardous, ADR? Not classified as dangerous in the context of transport regulations.

Environmentally hazardous, RID? Not classified as dangerous in the context of transport regulations.

Environmentally hazardous, ADN? Not classified as dangerous in the context of transport regulations.

Transport in bulk by sea, IMO? Not classified as dangerous in the context of transport regulations.

There are no special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with.

15. Regulatory information

Relevant safety regulations: Regulations for hazardous chemical agents 2021, Department of

Employment and Labour (March 2021).

Relevant health regulations: Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act No. 85 of 1993).

Relevant environmental regulations: The National Environmental Management Act, 107 of 1998 (NEMA).

Guidelines on the administration of incidents, as described in section

30 of the NEMA, Department of Environmental Affairs (2019).

Subject to the Montreal Protocol? No.

Subject to the Stockholm Convention? No.

Subject to the Rotterdam Convention? No.

Subject to any prohibitions? No.

Subject to any restrictions? No.

16. Other information

SDS identification or reference number: 006

Date of the previous revision of this SDS: Not dated.

Previous revision number: Not numbered.

There is no additional information relevant to the material's nature or use, or any other relevant information.



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Abbreviations that may have been used in this document:

AND means European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.

ADR means Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

CAS means Chemical Abstract Service.

Cat. means Category.

GHS means Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

IMDG Code means International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.

IMO means International Maritime Organisation.

IRAC MoA means Insecticide Resistance Action Committee Mode of Action (Classification Scheme)

NEMA means National Environmental Management Act.

NOAEL means no observed adverse effect level

OB means occlusion body

PIB means polyhedral inclusion body

RID means Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

SDS means safety data sheet.

STOT means specific target organ toxicity.

UN means United Nations.

This safety data sheet was compiled in compliance with the following regulations and guidelines:

- a. Regulations for hazardous chemical agents 2021, Department of Employment and Labour (March 2021).
- b. The globally harmonised system of classification and labelling of chemicals (GHS), 9th Revised Edition, United Nations (2021).
- c. Globally harmonised system of classification and labelling of chemicals (GHS), SANS 10234:2019, Ed. 2.00 (2019).